



1 Description logic

Exercise 1.1: In description logics \mathcal{AL} and \mathcal{ALCN} with concepts **Male**, **Female** and a role **hasChild** define the following concepts

- a) **Person**
- b) **Mother**, **Father**
- c) **Parent**
- d) **Childless**
- e) **Grandmother**, **Grandfather**
- f) **ParentOfSons** (a parent with at least one son)
- g) **ParentOfOnlySons**
- h) **MotherWithManyChildren** (a mother with more then three children)
- i) **GrandmotherOfOnlyGrandsons**

Exercise 1.2: In description logic \mathcal{ALC} with concepts **Male**, **Doctor**, **Rich**, **Famous** and roles **hasChild**, **hasFriend** define a popular textbook's concept **HappyFather**: "a father whose all children are doctors and all of the children have rich or famous friends".

Exercise 1.3: Prove or reject the following statements using tableaux in \mathcal{ALC} description logic.

- a) $(\text{Person} \sqcap (\forall \text{hasChild.Male})) \sqsubseteq (\text{Person} \sqcap (\exists \text{hasChild.Male}))$
- b) $(\text{Male} \sqcap (\exists \text{hasChild.Male}) \sqcap (\forall \text{hasChild.Male})) \sqsubseteq ((\text{Male} \sqcup \text{Female}) \sqcap (\exists \text{hasChild.}(\text{Male} \sqcup \text{Female})))$